

# Historia Social Y Economica Del Imperio Romano

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2023-12-09

## GREGORY CAITLYN

*Economic and Social History of Medieval Europe* El Colegio de Mexico AC

This book deals with the evolution of initiatives connected to the social and solidarity economy and their political cultures and educational implications in the south of Europe and in Latin America. Employing a comparative perspective, the contributors present 11 studies of these trajectories in Argentina, Chile, Portugal, France, Italy, Spain, and Catalonia in order to engender familiarity with social tributary practices and projects in the Latin world. As the cyclical crises of capitalism and their resulting inequalities have created proposals of reform and brought them into action, certain shared ideological influences and policies have emerged across these societies. Faced with the interpretative schemes used for the Anglo-Saxon sphere, which have been the usual reference in international research, this volume's geographical and cultural matrix of analysis helps fill a longstanding gap in this field. The book will be of interest to scholars, educators, and students specialising in the history and political science of the social and solidarity economy sectors, as well as professionals involved in cooperatives, mutual aid societies, and associations.

*The Council of the Santa Hermandad* Routledge

El objetivo de este trabajo es analizar las actitudes sociales de la población almeriense durante la primera década del franquismo. Desde una perspectiva microhistórica y muy próximos a la historia sociocultural y la historia "desde abajo" tratamos de adentrarnos en la relación entre la población y el Nuevo Estado. La pretensión última es introducir nuestro trabajo en el más

amplio debate sobre la capacidad de las dictaduras fascistas europeas para generar espacios de aquiescencia. El trabajo se estructura en torno a cuatro capítulos. En el primero se analiza la sociedad y la política almeriense durante la crisis de los años treinta (II República y Guerra Civil). En el segundo se analiza la construcción del poder local bajo el franquismo definiéndolo como un poder local fascistizado. En el tercer capítulo se analiza las actitudes sociales bajo el franquismo prestando especial atención a los sectores más deprimidos de la sociedad almeriense. En este capítulo se dibuja la sociedad franquista como una sociedad autovigilada, un edificio panóptico. En el cuarto, y último, capítulo se atiende al estudio de la educación bajo el franquismo y del colectivo del magisterio como ejemplo de un sector social de las capas medias. Buena parte de este trabajo está dedicado a rastrear las formas cotidianas de resistencia popular a la dictadura tomando como guía teórica la abierta por la Alltageschichte alemana y la antropología anglosajona de James C. Scott. Se presta especial atención a las actitudes de la población ante el desarrollo de la II Guerra Mundial así como a otras formas de resistencia micropolíticas como el estraperlo o los robos de subsistencia. Palabras clave. Historia Contemporánea, Franquismo, actitudes sociales, poder local, vida cotidiana.

**Negro Slavery in Latin America** Liverpool University Press  
*Dreams of Development* explores the relationship between higher education and Colombian national development by tracing the history of one of Colombia's most important institutions of higher education, the National School of Mines (Escuela Nacional de Minas) of Medellín. Murray addresses three questions: How did the Escuela form national elites, including politicians, businesspeople, and technocrats destined to play prominent roles in industry and government after 1900? To what extent have such elites shaped the development process? And finally, how has the

Escuela's evolution reflected such changes in Colombian society as the rise of an urban middle sector and more active roles for women seeking the opportunities associated with an engineering degree? Murray's analysis of a single institution makes this book valuable both to Colombianists and to other scholars interested in the development of modern Latin American higher education. It also provides unique insight into the positivistic ideals and values that have shaped Colombian and other Latin American elites and dictated the destiny of their countries.

*Pobreza, marginación, delincuencia y políticas sociales bajo el franquismo* Routledge

Annotation Elizabeth A. Kaye specializes in communications as part of her coaching and consulting practice. She has edited Requirements for Certification since the 2000-01 edition.

**Coffee in Colombia, 1850-1970** University of Alabama Press  
 This is the first English-language history of Colombia as a coffee-producer.

*The History of Costa Rica* Cambridge University Press  
 Obra accesible, que pone de relieve aspectos del pasado que son de importancia e interés para el mundo de hoy. Ofrece una imagen fresca y desprejuiciada de nuestra historia económica que supera los estereotipos y las ideologías tan comunes en la cultura económica de nuestro país. Sus capítulos se entrelazan para proporcionar continuidad y fluidez al nuevo conjunto. El propósito es ofrecer una mirada general en una versión que resulta apropiada para lectores. Versión sintética del contenido de la Historia económica general de México.

*The Oxford Handbook of the History of Education* IDB  
 This book presents evidence of the evolution of the gender inequalities in Latin America during the twentieth century, using basic indicators of human development, namely education, health and the labour market. There are very few historical studies that

centre on gender as the main analytical category in Latin America, so this book breaks new ground. Using case-studies from Argentina, Chile, Colombia, Mexico and Uruguay, the authors show that there is evidence of a correlation between economic growth and the decrease in gender inequality, but this process is also not linear. Although the activity rate of women was high at the beginning of the twentieth century, female participation in the labour market diminished, until the 1970s, when it began to increase dramatically. Since the 1970s, fertility reduction and education improvements and worsening labour market conditions are associated to the steadily increase of women participation in the labour market. By gauging the extent to which gender gaps in the formation of human capital, access to resources, quality of life and opportunities may have operated as a restriction on women's capabilities and on economic growth in the region, this book demonstrates that Latin America has lagged behind in terms of gender equality.

*History of the Caribbean* Taylor & Francis

This volume examines the impact of Spanish colonialism on patterns of development in the Kingdom of Quito (modern Ecuador) from 1690 to 1830.

**Indice Historico Espanol** Springer Nature

Winner of the prestigious Maclver Award when it was first published, this remains a towering work of modern political sociology, especially of macrosociology. Its main objective is comparative analysis of political commonalities found in different societies, both historical and present. The book seeks to find some pattern or laws in the structure and development of such systems. The imaginative use of data helps to bring order into what might otherwise be considered a speculative volume. The purpose of *The Political Systems of Empires* is to apply sociological concepts to the analysis of historical societies through the comparative analysis of a special type of political system. This analysis does not purport to be historical or descriptive. Its main objective is comparative analysis of political commonalities found in different societies. The book seeks to find some pattern or laws in the structure and development of such systems.

*Historia social y económica del Imperio Romano* El Colegio de Mexico AC

Enth.: Bd. 1-2: Colonial Latin America ; Bd. 3: From Independence

to c. 1870 ; Bd. 4-5: c. 1870 to 1930 ; Bd. 6-10: Latin America since 1930 ; Bd. 11: Bibliographical essays.

*Historia social y económica del Imperio Romano* Routledge

The complete Cambridge History of Latin America presents a large-scale, authoritative survey of Latin America's unique historical experience from the first contacts between the native American Indians and Europeans to the present day. Colonial Spanish America is a selection of chapters from volumes I and II brought together to provide a continuous history of the Spanish Empire in America from the late fifteenth to the early nineteenth centuries. The first three chapters deal with conquest and settlement and relations between Spain and its American Empire; the final six with urban development, mining, rural economy and society, including the formation of the hacienda, the internal economy, and the impact of Spanish rule on Indian societies. Bibliographical essays are included for all chapters. The book will be a valuable text for both students and teachers of Latin American history.

**Gender Inequalities and Development in Latin America During the Twentieth Century** Univ of California Press

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**False Economy** Coral Gables, Fla : University of Miami Press

This book explores the impact on Latin America of the extraordinary transformation of the international economy that took place in the half century or so that preceded the world depression of the 1930s. The authors show how the response varied in terms of both growth and distribution, shaped by varying preconditions, and by natural resources and geography. The interplay of economic developments with political and social structures had profound and varied effects on policy-making and on institutions that were of great significance for later decades.

*Dreams of Development* Edicions Universitat Barcelona

A comprehensive Statistical Appendix provides regional and country-by-country data in such areas as GDP, manufacturing, sector productivity, prices, trade, income distribution and living standards.--BOOK JACKET.

*The American Archivist* Firenze University Press

El libro trata sobre la exclusión y las políticas sociales durante la posguerra española. Se analizan las bases sociales y los mecanismos de cohesión de la dictadura, los efectos de la autarquía económica sobre la población de posguerra, las

características de la legislación ordinaria y especial franquista, la miseria y las estrategias de supervivencia (delincuencia común, estraperlo, prostitución), así como las políticas sociales impulsadas por el régimen.

**The Church in the Modern Age** Springer

A "provocative...persuasive" (The New York Times) book that examines countries' economic destinies. In *False Economy*, Alan Beattie weaves together the economic choices, political choices, economic history, and human stories, that determine whether governments and countries remain rich or poor. He also addresses larger questions about why they make the choices they do, and what those mean for the future of our global economy. But despite the heady subject matter, *False Economy* is a lively and lucid book that engagingly and thought-provokingly examines macroeconomics, economic topics, and the fault lines and successes that can make or break a culture or induce a global depression. Along the way, readers will discover why Africa doesn't grow cocaine, why our asparagus comes from Peru, why our keyboard spells QWERTY, and why giant pandas are living on borrowed time.

*Progress, Poverty and Exclusion* Oxford University Press

This collection reprints key articles written within the past 30 years on the *Annales* school, their journal, their influence on history, historiography and other academic fields.

*Business History in Latin America* Cambridge University Press

SCIENCE AND EMPIRES: FROM THE INTERNATIONAL COLLOQUIUM TO THE BOOK Patrick PETITJEAN, Catherine JAMI and Anne Marie MOULIN The International Colloquium "Science and Empires - Historical Studies about Scientific Development and European Expansion" is the product of an International Colloquium, "Sciences and Empires - A Comparative History of Scientific Exchanges: European Expansion and Scientific Development in Asian, African, American and Oceanian Countries". Organized by the REHSEIS group (Research on Epistemology and History of Exact Sciences and Scientific Institutions) of CNRS (National Center for Scientific Research), the colloquium was held from 3 to 6 April 1990 in the UNESCO building in Paris. This colloquium was an idea of Professor Roshdi Rashed who initiated this field of studies in France some years ago, and proposed "Sciences and Empires" as one of the main research programmes for the The project to organize such a colloquium was a bit REHSEIS group.

a gamble. Its subject, reflected in the title "Sciences and Empires", is not a currently-accepted sub-discipline of the history of science; rather, it refers to a set of questions which found autonomy only recently. The terminology was strongly debated by the participants and, as is frequently suggested in this book,

awaits fuller clarification.

The Kingdom of Quito, 1690-1830 Univ of California Press  
First published in 2005. This original study the author writing in 1936 has tried to sketch the character and general movement of

the economic and social evolution of Western Europe from the end of the Roman Empire to the middle of the fifteenth century. La era hobsbawm en historia social Editorial Abya Yala  
Includes sections "Reviews of books" and "Abstracts of archive publications" (Western and Eastern Europe)